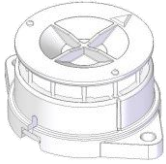


Light Breeze Sensor

MMS002XA Datasheet

DESCRIPTION



MMS002 provides digital output (I2C) of X- and Y-axis sensor values, which are proportional to the wind velocity, as well as the temperature sensor values. This product uses a highly sensitive unique sensor element and can detect breeze of 0 to 3 m/s. Since wind velocity correction parameters for each sensor are saved in the AFE, performing a simple calculation using the data of this product by the external microcontroller (the host) provides the wind velocity and direction. Only this product and the external microcontroller can achieve a high-performance device, without using an intricate sensor-driven / control circuit.

FEATURES

- Downsized by using a MEMS thermal sensor
- Wind velocity range: 0 to 3 m/s
- Wind direction range: 0 to 360 deg
- Wind velocity error: $\pm(0.1\text{m/s}+5\%\text{RD})$ (@0 to 1m/s)
- Wind direction error: ± 15 deg (@0.3 to 3m/s)
- Possible to load wind velocity correction parameters from NVM

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BLOCK DIAGRAM

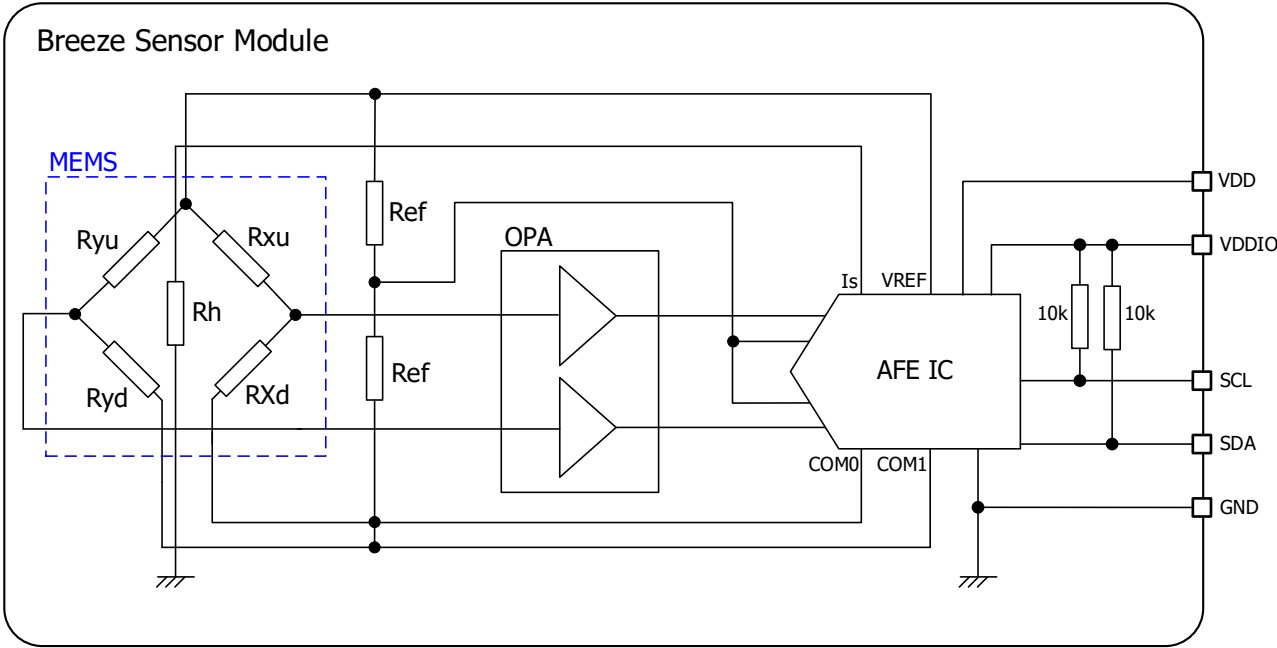


Fig. 1 Block diagram

PIN CONFIGURATION

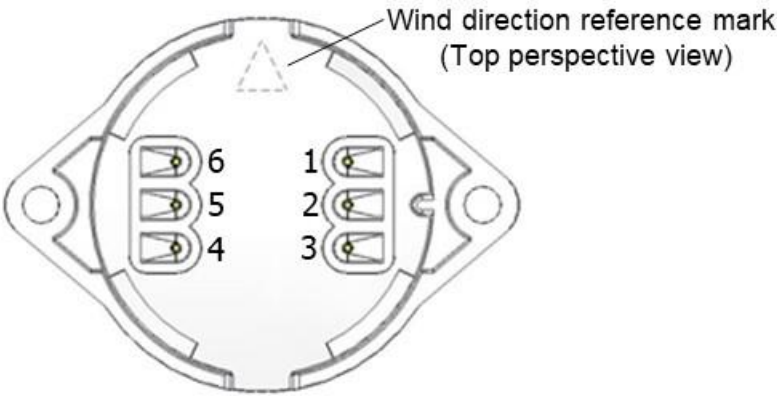


Fig. 2 Pin configuration (Bottom view)

Table 1 Pin configuration table

Pin	Name
1	SCL
2	SDA
3	NC
4	GND
5	VDDIO
6	VDD

TERMINAL EXPLANATIONS

Table 2 Pin table

No.	Pin Name	Type	Function
1	SCL	I/O	Serial clock for I2C communication
2	SDA	I/O	Serial Data (Input and output) for I2C communication
3	NC	-	No connect
4	GND	-	GND
5	VDDIO	I	Power-supply for digital I/O
6	VDD	I	Power-supply for analog circuit

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage temperature range	T _{STG}	-25	55	°C
Analog supply voltage	VDD _{MAX}	-0.3	3.6	V
Digital I/O voltage	VDDIO _{MAX}	-0.3	3.6	V
Digital input voltage	VDDIN _{MAX}	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Operating temperature range	T _{OPR}	0	-	40	°C
Analog supply voltage	VDD _{OPR}	2.4	3.3	3.6	V
Digital I/O voltage	VDDIO _{OPR}	2.4	3.3	3.6	V
Measurement Media	-	Air (Non-condensing. Restrict to non-corrosive)			V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Analog characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=VDDIO=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current consumption	I _{DD}	Average current in one measurement	-	0.7	1.05	mA

Digital I/O

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=VDDIO=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage High level	V _{IH}	SCL, SDA	0.7 × VDDIO	-	VDDIO +0.3	V
Input voltage Low level	V _{IL}	SCL, SDA	-0.3	-	0.3 × VDDIO	V
Output voltage High level	V _{OH}	SDA I _{OH} =-3mA	0.8 × VDDIO	-	-	V
Output voltage Low level	V _{OL}	SCL, SDA I _{OL} =3mA	-	-	0.4	V

Sensor characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=VDDIO=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Wind velocity range	M _{vel}	-	0	-	3	m/s
Wind velocity error	E _{vel}	Wind velocity 0~1.0m/s 4 directions (0,90,180,270deg)	-	±(0.1m/s +5%RD)	-	-
		Wind velocity 1.0~3.0m/s 4 directions (0,90,180,270deg)	-	±25	-	%RD
Wind direction range	M _{dir}	-	-	-	360	deg
Wind direction error	E _{dir}	Wind velocity 0.3~3m/s 4 directions (0,90,180,270deg)	-	±15	-	deg
Response time	t _{res}	The first time after issuing the Active command	-	3	-	sec
Sampling time	t _s	-	0.5	-	-	sec

FUNCTION EXPLANATION

Function outline

MS002 consists of a MEMS thermal sensor, an operational amplifier, and an analog front-end IC. It converts the analog output voltage from the MEMS thermal sensor to the 24-bit digital value. Reading the correction coefficient, which stored in the sensor, by the user and converting it to the wind velocity value using the 24-bit digital value and the correction coefficient correct can correct variations in sensor characteristics caused by variations in temperature and processes.

State transition table

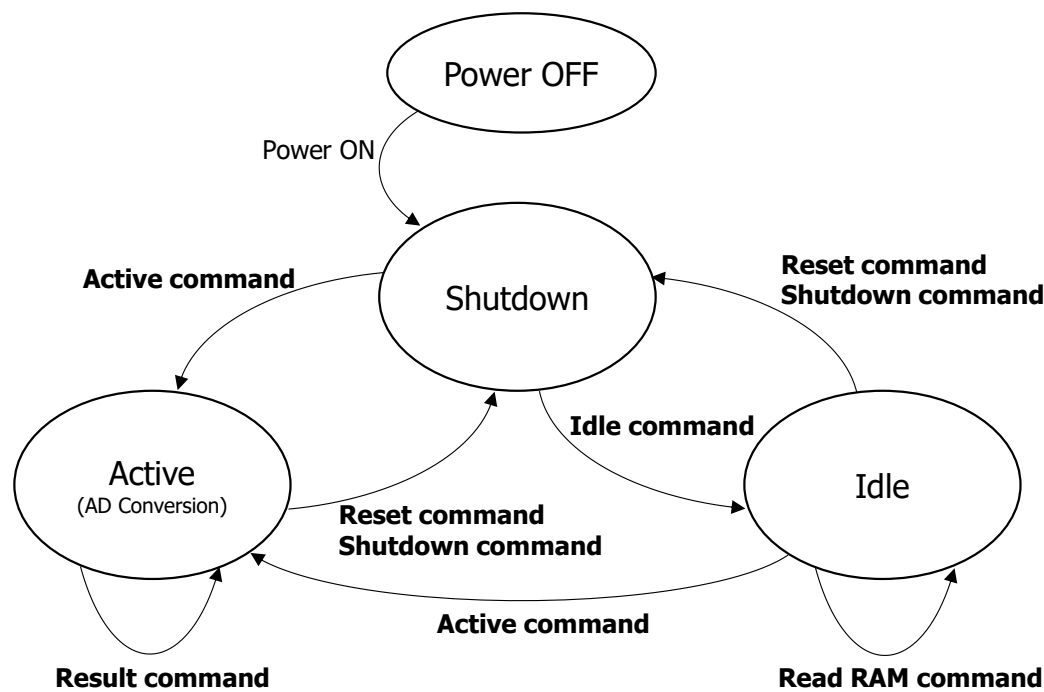


Fig. 3 State transition table

Table 3 State transition table

Command \ State	Shutdown	Active	Idle
Reset	Power on Reset & Initial Boot =>Shutdown state	Power on Reset & Initial Boot =>Shutdown state	Power on Reset & Initial Boot =>Shutdown state
Shutdown	=>Keep state	=>Shutdown state	=>Shutdown state
Active	Reset & Boot Load =>Active state (AD conversion)	Ignore(note ¹) =>Keep state	=>Active state (AD conversion)
Result	Ignore(note ¹) =>Keep state	Output result =>Keep state	Do not issue(note ²) =>Keep state
Idle	Reset & Boot Load =>Idle state	Do not issue(note ³) =>Idle state	=>Keep state
Bank SW	Ignore(note ¹) =>Keep state	Change memory Bank =>Keep state	Do not issue(note ⁴) =>Keep state
Read RAM	Ignore(note ¹) =>Keep state	Do not issue(note ³) =>Keep state	Output RAM data =>Keep state

note¹: NACK is returned to the command.

note²: The correct result is not output. Additionally, ACK is returned to the command.

note³: Although command is acceptable, it goes unintended behavior since sequence is running.

note⁴: Although command is acceptable, it goes unintended behavior during sequence execution

Command code

Table 4 Command code list

Command Name		Command Code								Format	
		HEX.	BIN.								
			C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1		C0
Shutdown		0x90	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	I2C Write format
		Stop measurement. Change to shutdown status.									
Idle		0x94	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	I2C Write format
		Start up the internal circuit and put it in the Idle state. Operation only with command code.									
Active		0xA0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	I2C Write format
		Start AD conversion. Operation only with command code.									
Result	Result0	0xC0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Combine format
		Read result data of X. ADC data (3 bytes /24 bits) is output MSB first. A negative number is expressed by 2's complement. For output range, positive output is 000000 h to 7FFFFFF h (0 to +8388607 in decimal number), while negative output is FFFFFFF h to 800000 h (-1 to -8388608 in decimal number). However, the measurement data acquired during the usage beyond the recommended operating conditions cannot be guaranteed.									
	Result1	0xC2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	Combine format
		Read temp coefficient for result data. ADC data (3 bytes /24 bits) is output MSB first. A negative number is expressed by 2's complement. For output range, positive output is 000000 h to 7FFFFFF h (0 to +8388607 in decimal number), while negative output is FFFFFFF h to 800000 h (-1 to -8388608 in decimal number). However, the measurement data acquired during the usage beyond the recommended operating conditions cannot be guaranteed.									
	Result2	0xC4	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	Combine format
		Read result data of Y. ADC data (3 bytes /24 bits) is output MSB first. A negative number is expressed by 2's complement. For output range, positive output is 000000 h to 7FFFFFF h (0 to +8388607 in decimal number), while negative output is FFFFFFF h to 800000 h (-1 to -8388608 in decimal number). However, the measurement data acquired during the usage beyond the recommended operating conditions cannot be guaranteed.									
BankSW	BankSW0	0xB0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	I2C Write format
		Change memory Bank to Bank0.									
	BankSW2	0xB4	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	I2C Write format
		Change Memory Bank to Bank2									
	BankSW3	0xB6	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	I2C Write format
		Change memory Bank to latest Bank									
Read RAM		0xD4	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	Combine format
		Read data from RAM. After sending the command code, send 8-bit memory address. 4-byte / 32-bit data is output MSB first.									
Reset		0x72	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	I2C Write format
		Reset and Return to Shutdown state. It becomes busy for the maximum 1.8msec. Operation only with command code.									

Sequence

1. Read the correction parameters from the Light breeze sensor after turning on the sensor.
2. The sensor starts to acquire data by issuing Active command (0xA0).
3. Acquire the sensor measurement result (Result 0 to 2) by issuing Result command (0xC0, 0xC2, 0xC4) three seconds after issuing the Active command. After acquiring the result, perform correction calculation of the wind velocity and direction based on the sensor measurement result and correction parameter.
4. The measurement result is subsequently updated every 0.5 seconds. Issuing the Result command every 0.5 seconds allows the user to get the updated measurement result.
5. To end the measurement, issue Shutdown command (0x90).

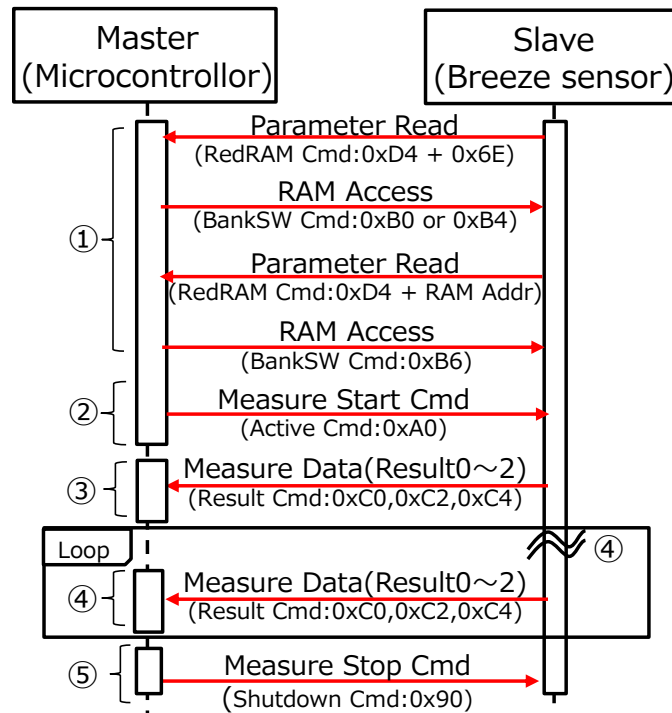


Fig. 4 Sequence

Correction parameter read-out processing

Correction coefficients are saved in the sensor. They are read by the user and converted to the wind velocity value using the sensor output and the coefficient. The correction coefficients are saved in the memory area different from the one at the power-on, and the storage area differs depending on sensors. Therefore, the correction parameters should be read after the sensor is turned on, following to the procedure shown below. After reading, BankSW command must be issued without fail.

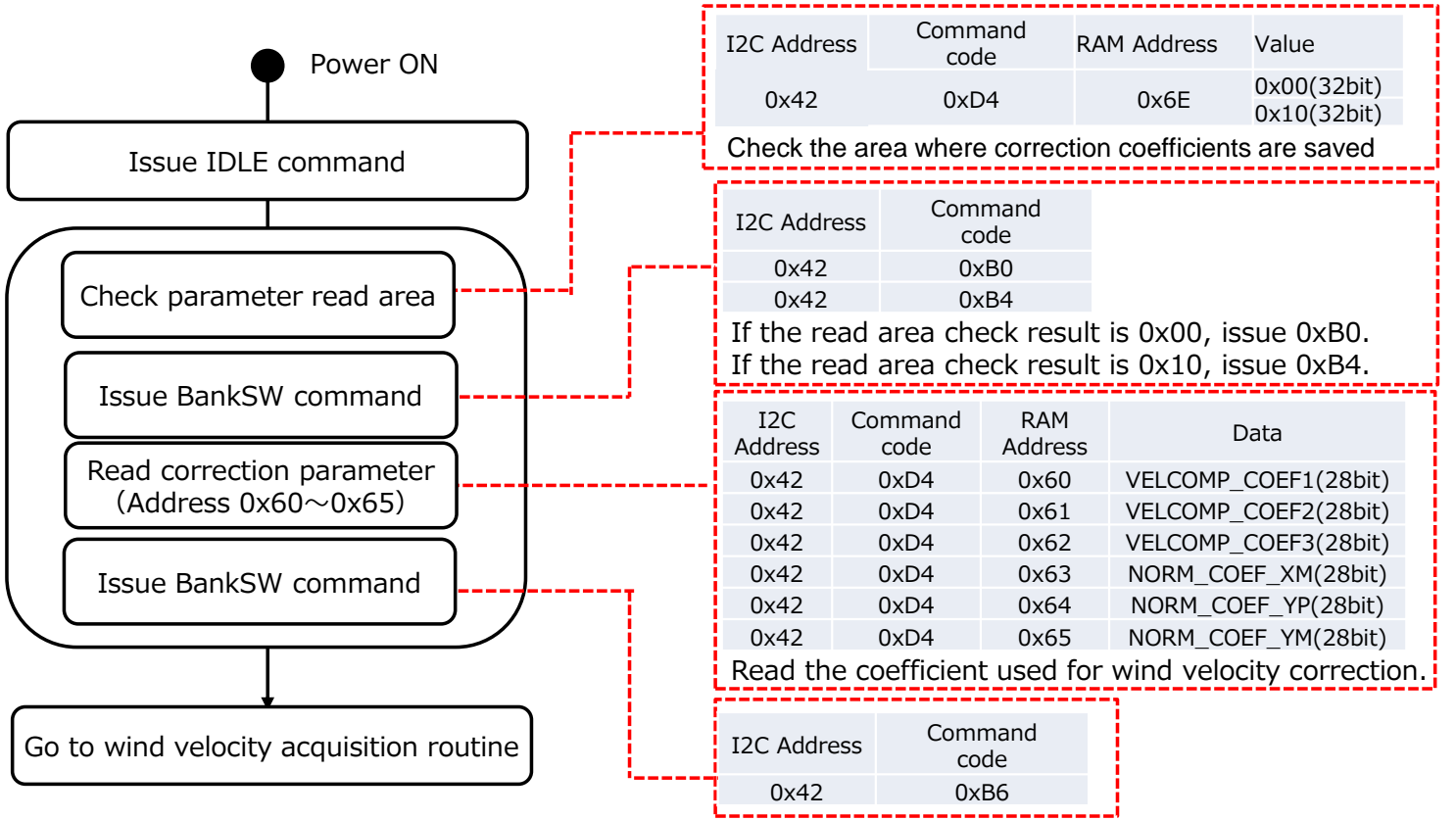


Fig. 5 Correct parameter read-out sequence

Read of correction parameter

Read RAM command reads data with 4 bytes 32bits width of [31:0], but the correction parameter is 28bits of [27:0].

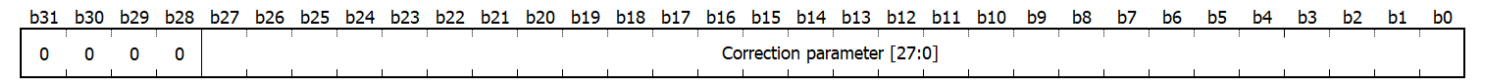


Fig. 6 RAM read data

Wind velocity calculation method

The wind velocity is calculated in the following order: 1. Normalization of sensitivity, 2. Correction of sensitivity temperature characteristics, and 3. Correction of wind velocity.

1. Normalization of sensitivity

The sensor sensitivity varies depending on whether the axis is X or Y, and whether the polarity is + or -. Because of this, the sensitivity needs to be adjusted to + output reference of X axis using the correction parameter.

$$X_{normed} = Result0 * (1 + X_{normcoef} / 2^{27})$$

$$Y_{normed} = Result2 * (1 + Y_{normcoef} / 2^{27})$$

Condition	X_normcoef
Result0 > 0	1
Result0 < 0	NORM_COEF_XM(28bit)

Condition	Y_normcoef
Result2 > 0	NORM_COEF_YP(28bit)
Result2 < 0	NORM_COEF_YM(28bit)

2. Correction calculation of sensitivity temperature characteristics

The sensitivity is corrected using the temperature correction data (Result1) because the sensitivity characteristics depend on the sensor temperature.

$$X_{tcomp} = X_{normed} * (1 + Result1/1000)$$

$$Y_{tcomp} = Y_{normed} * (1 + Result1/1000)$$

3. Correction calculation of wind velocity

The wind velocity output is calculated by synthesizing output from X and Y axes and multiplying it by the correction coefficient.

$$AD_{temp} = ((X_{tcomp})^2 + (Y_{tcomp})^2) * 2^{-12}$$

$$Vel_{temp} = \alpha * (AD_{temp})^3 + \beta * (AD_{temp})^2 + \gamma * (AD_{temp})^1$$

$$Vel[m/s] = \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{(Vel_{temp}) * 2}} \right) / 2^5$$

α	(VELCOMP_COEF_3) * (2 ²⁷) ⁻³
β	(VELCOMP_COEF_2) * (2 ²⁷) ⁻²
γ	(VELCOMP_COEF_1) * (2 ²⁷) ⁻¹

Wind direction calculation method

The upper side of the sensor (with “△” indicated) is defined as 0°. The wind direction is calculated using the data of Result0 and Result2.

$$\theta[^\circ] = \arctan(Result0/Result2) \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} + b$$

$$b = 0, Result0 < 0, Result2 < 0$$

$$b = 180, Result2 > 0$$

$$b = 360, Result0 > 0, Result2 < 0$$

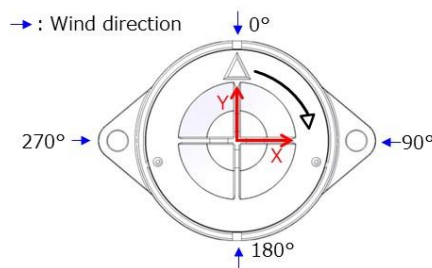


Fig. 7 Definition of angle

Timing chart

TBD

SERIAL COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

It supports I2C as an interface for serial communication.

Baud rate

※ This item is not inspected at the time of shipment.
(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=3.0~3.6V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I2C communication speed	BR _{I2C1}	VDDIO ≥ 2.0V Cb ≤ 100pF	-	-	3.4	Mbps
	BR _{I2C2}	VDDIO < 2.0V Cb ≤ 100pF	-	-	0.4	
	BR _{I2C3}	VDDIO ≥ 2.0V Cb ≤ 400pF	-	-	1.7	
	BR _{I2C4}	VDDIO < 2.0V Cb ≤ 400pF	-	-	0.4	

I2C AC characteristics

※ This item is not inspected at the time of shipment

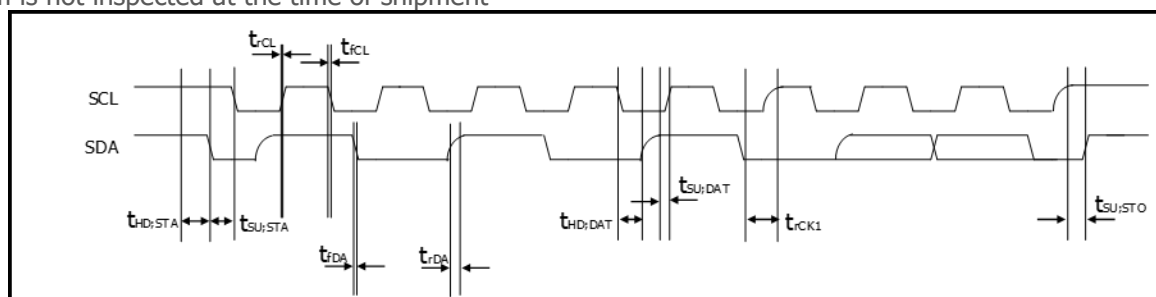


Fig. 8 I2C AC timing chart

Table 5 I2C AC Characteristics

項目	Symbol	VDDIO < 2.0V		VDDIO ≥ 2.0V				Unit
		Fast mode		Hsmode				
				Cb=100pF		Cb=400pF		
		min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	
SCL frequency	f _{SCL}	0	400kHz	0	3.4	0	1.7	MHz
Start condition setup time	t _{SU;STA}	600	-	160	-	160	-	ns
Start condition hold time	t _{HD;STA}	600	-	160	-	160	-	ns
Stop condition setup time	t _{SU;STO}	600	-	160	-	160	-	ns
Data setup time	t _{SU;DAT}	100	-	20	-	20	-	ns
Data hold time (note ⁵)	t _{HD;DAT}	20	-	20	70	20	150	ns
SCL rise time	t _{rCL}	-	300	10	40	20	80	ns
Rise time of SCL after ACK (When clock stretch is released.)	t _{rCL1}	-	300	10	80	20	160	ns
SCL fall time	t _{fCL}	10	300	10	-	20	80	ns
SDA rise time	t _{rDA}	-	300	10	80	20	160	ns
SDA fall time	t _{fDA}	10	300	10	80	20	160	ns

note⁵: This product does not have the function to retain data in SDA.

Please ensure the hold of SDA with 20nsec for the area where SCL falling edge is not defined.

I2C format

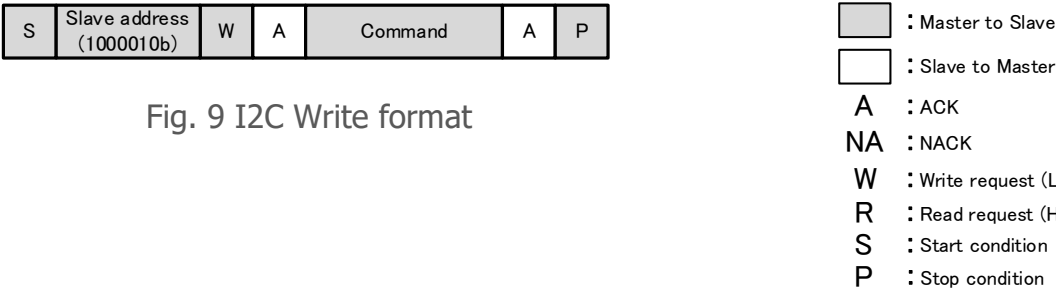
It conforms to I2C protocol except some special formats. I2C address is the total of 8 bits. The first 7 bits are slave address and the rest of 1 bit is R/W bit. Slave address for MMS002 (7 bits) is 0x42. I2C address (8 bits) will be 0x84 (Write) and 0x85 (Read) by combining with R/W bit.

Table 6 I2C Address

	I2C Address (8 bit)							
	Slave address (7 bit)							R/W bit
HEX.	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	
0x84	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
0x85	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1

I2C Write format

Please send I2C address of 8 bits (0x84) by Write Mode. Then please send command code.



Combine format

Please send I2C address (0x84) and the command code by Write Mode. Then please send I2C address (0x85) by Read Mode. It outputs the data MSB first

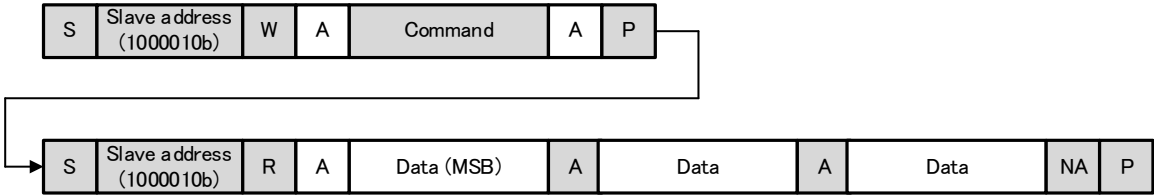


Fig. 10 I2C Combine format

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

TBD

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

TBD

PACKAGE STRUCTURE

TBD

DIMENSIONS

UNIT	mm
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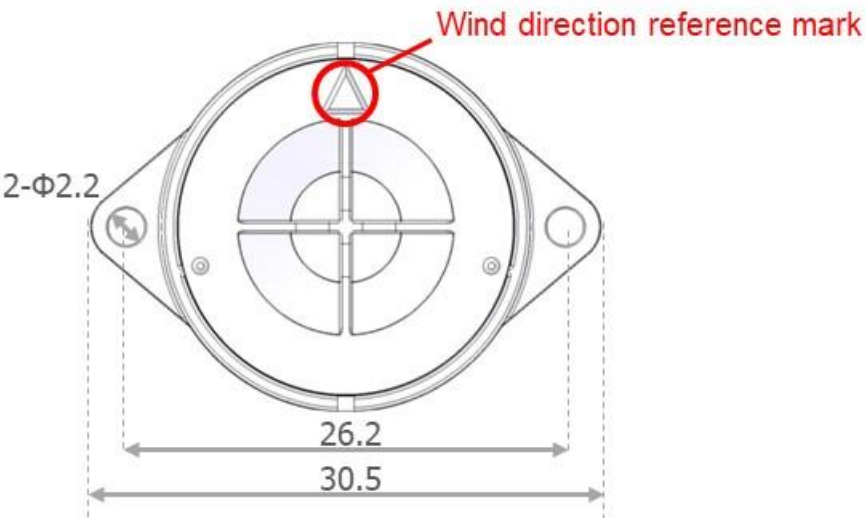


Fig. 11 Top view

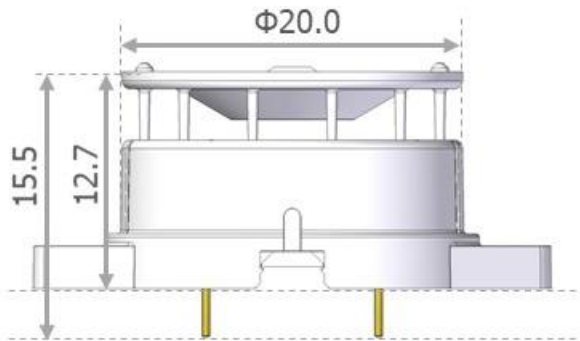


Fig. 12 Side view

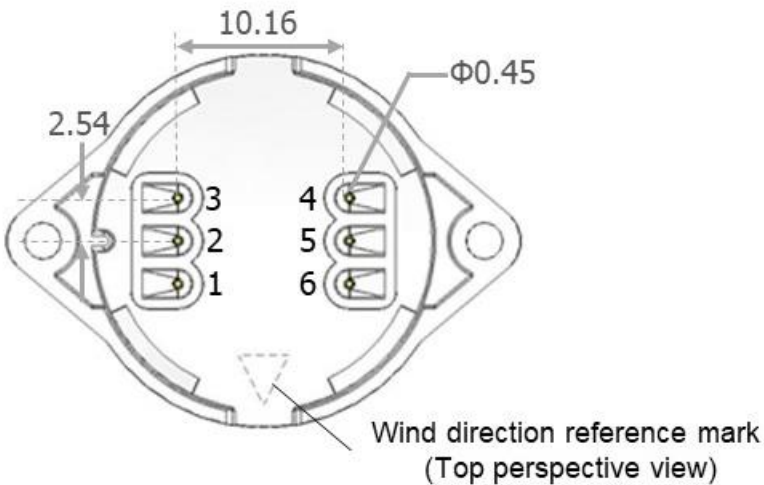


Fig. 13 Bottom view

MARKING CONTENTS

TBD

NOTES

Safety Precautions

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- Before using this product, please evaluate and confirm the actual application with this product mounted and embedded.
- To investigate the influence by applied transient load or external noise, It is necessary to evaluate and confirm them with mounting this product to the actual application.
- Any usage above the maximum rating may destroy this product or shorten the lifetime. Be sure to use this product under the maximum rating.
- If you continue to use this product highly-loaded (applying high temperature, large current or high voltage; or variation of temperature) even under the absolute maximum rating and even in the operating range, the reliability of this product may decrease significantly. Please design appropriate reliability in consideration of power dissipation and voltage corresponding to the temperature and designed lifetime after confirming our individual reliability documents (such as reliability test report or estimated failure rate). It is recommended that, before using this product, you appropriately derate the maximum power dissipation (typically, 80% or less of the maximum value) considering parameters including ambient temperature, input voltage, and output current.

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 - Environment with strong static electricity or electromagnetic wave
 - Environment with high temperature or high humidity where dew condensation may occur
- This product is not designed to withstand radioactivity, and must avoid using in a radioactive environment.

PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

TBD

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Tel: +81-46-230-3470 / <https://www.mitsumi.co.jp/profile/contact.html>

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The entire system in which the products are used must be sufficiently evaluated and judged whether the products are allowed to apply for the system on customer's own responsibility.
10. The products are not designed to be radiation-proof. The necessary radiation measures should be taken in the product design by the customer depending on the intended use.
11. The products do not affect human health under normal use. However, they contain chemical substances and heavy metals and should therefore not be put in the mouth. The fracture surfaces of wafers and chips may be sharp. Be careful when handling these with the bare hands to prevent injuries, etc.
12. When disposing of the products, comply with the laws and ordinances of the country or region where they are used.
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